# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

K45W151 05 00 DATE OF PREPARATION Nov 30, 2010

# SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER

K45W151

PRODUCT NAME

PRO INDUSTRIAL™ Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy Eg-Shel, Extra White

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 Prospect Avenue N.W.

Cleveland, OH 44115

Telephone Numbers and Websites

relephone Numbers and Websites	
Product Information	www.sherwin-williams.com
Regulatory Information	(216) 566-2902 www.paintdocs.com
Medical Emergency	(216) 566-2917
Transportation Emergency*	(800) 424-9300
*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spi	ill leak fire exposure or accident)

# SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	CAS Number	Ingredient	Units	Vapor Pressure
1	111-77-3	2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-	ethanol	
		ACGIH TLV	Not Available	1 mm
		OSHA PEL	Not Available	
2	29911-28-2	1-(2-Butoxymethylethoxy)-propanol		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Available	0.06 mm
		OSHA PEL	Not Available	
0.9	14464-46-1	Cristobalite		
		ACGIH TLV	0.025 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	
		OSHA PEL	0.05 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	
1	471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate		
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	15 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	
22	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	Section - Section Manager Section - No.	
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	10 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	

# **SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**ROUTES OF EXPOSURE** 

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

HIVIS Codes		
Health	2*	
Flammability	0	
Reactivity	0	

UMIC Codes

## SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# **SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

FLASH POINT LEL UEL FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Not Applicable N.A. N.A. Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

# SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

# SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

## **SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Applicable

### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

# SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

# EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

## **SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

PRODUCT WEIGHT 10.63 lb/gal 1274 g/l

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.28

**BOILING POINT** 212 - 449 °F 100 - 231 °C

MELTING POINT Not Available

**VOLATILE VOLUME** 63%

EVAPORATION RATE Slower than ether VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air

SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A.

**pH** 9.5

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)

1.18 lb/gal 142 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

0.51 lb/gal 61 g/l Emitted VOC

### SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY — Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

# **SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

IARC's Monograph No. 93 reports there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental rats exposed to titanium dioxide but inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans and has assigned a Group 2B rating. In addition, the IARC summary concludes, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium is bound to other materials, such as paint."

## TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name			
111-77-3	2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		5500 mg/kg	
29911-28-2	1-(2-Butoxymethylethoxy)-propanol			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	
14464-46-1	Cristobalite		Section of Persons to	
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide			-0200
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	

### **SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data available.

### **SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.